Regin Nov. 6-1959

30.24-9153

A11 (450)
AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD ALANBROOKE
BY RONALD THOMSON

LONDON, NOV. 6 (AP)-VISCOUNT ALANBROOKE WROTE A FOOTNOTE TODAY TO HIS WARTIME MEMOIRS: HE DIDN'T MEAN TO ACCUSE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER OF ACTUALLY PLAYING GOLF WHILE WORLD II HUNG IN THE BALANCE.

THE BESPECTACLED WARTIME CHIEF OF BRITAIN'S GENERAL STAFF SAID EVERYONE GOT HIM WRONG WHEN HE DECLARED IN HIS RECENTLY PUBLISHED DIARIES THAT EISENHOWER WAS "ON THE GOLF LINKS AT REIMS" JUST BEFORE THE CRUCIAL BATTLE OF THE BULGE IN 1944.

ALANBROOKE, WHOSE DIARIES MAKE PLAIN HIS ANTAGONISM TOWARD THE STRATEGIES EMPLOYED BY EISENHOWER AS SUPREME COMMANDER OF ALLIED ARMIES, TOLD THE ASSOCIATED PRESS:

"I HAD NO INTENTION OF SUGGESTING THAT THE PRESIDENT ACTUALLY PLAYED GOLF AT THAT TIME."

WHAT HE REALLY MEANT WAS THAT EISENHOWER WAS AT HIS "FORWARD HEADQUARTERS," SITUATED ON A DISUSED GOLF COURSE IN REIMS, ALANBROOKE ADDED.

THE SENTENCES THAT STIRRED THE CONTROVERSY OCCURRED IN A DIARY ENTRY BY ALANBROOKE DATED NOV. 24, 1944. IT SAID THERE WAS A "VERY UNSATISFACTORY STATE OF AFFAIRS IN FRANCE WITH NO ONE RUNNING THE LAND BATTLE." IT CONTINUED:

"EISENHOWER, THOUGH SUPPOSED TO BE DOING SO, IS ON THE GOLF LINKS AT REIMS--ENTIRELY DETACHED AND TAKING PRACTICALLY NO PART IN THE WAR."

ALANBROOKE WENT ON TO SAY IN THE DIARY THAT THINGS BECAME SO BAD A DELEGATION OF HIGH RANKING AMERICAN OFFICERS CALLED ON EISENHOWER TO TELL HIM HE "MUST GET DOWN TO IT AND RUN (CAPS RUN) THE WAR, WHICH HE SAID HE WOULD DO."

YESTERDAY THE WHITE HOUSE SAID EISENHOWER NEVER HAD A GOLF CLUB IN HIS HAND FROM THE TIME OF THE INVASION OF EUROPE UNTIL THE DEFEAT OF GERMANY. ALANBROOKE, AT HOME IN THE HAMPSHIRE VILLAGE OF HARTLEY WINTNEY, WAS TOLD OF THE WHITE HOUSE STATEMENT. HE COMMENTED:

"IF YOU LOOK IN THE DIARIES YOU'LL SEE THERE WAS NO ACCUSATION THAT HE (EISENHOWER) HAD ANY GOLF CLUBS AND THERE WAS NO ACCUSATION THAT HE WAS PLAYING GOLF.

"YOU MIGHT JUST AS WELL SAY THAT I WAS ACCUSING EISENHOWER OF DRINKING CHAMPAGNE BECAUSE HE WAS AT REIMS."

REIMS, IN ADDITION TO HAVING HAD A DISUSED GOLF COURSE DURING THE WAR, IS NOTED FOR ITS OUTPUT OF FRENCH CHAMPAGNE.

ALANBROOKE SAID HIS DIARIES HAD MENTIONED THE FACT THAT EISENHOWER MAINTAINED AN OFFICIAL CAMP ON THE REIMS LINKS, A TIGHTLY KNIT BASE AWAY FROM THE VAST ALLIED INVASION HEADQUARTERS AT VERSAILLES.

BUT HE REFUSED TO DISCUSS THE IMPRESSION GIVEN BY HIS DIARY ENTRY ABOUT EISENHOWER BEING ON A GOLF COURSE "ENTIRELY DETACHED" FROM THE RUNNING OF THE WAR.

ALANBROOKE'S DIARIES WERE PUBLISHED LAST WEEKEND AS A BOOK, EDITED BY SIR ARTHUR BRYANT, CALLED "TRIUMPH IN THE WEST." IT WAS THE SECOND VOLUME OF HIS WARTIME MEMOIRS. RUNNING THROUGH BOTH IS A LINE OF CRITICISM OF BOTH AMERICAN AND BRITISH WAR LEADERS, INCLUDING SIR WINSTON CHURCHILL.

SEVERAL BRITISH NEWSPAPERS, POLITICIANS AND SOLDIERS HAVE CRITICIZED ALANBROOKE FOR HIS CONDEMNATIONS. IN A BROADCAST LAST NIGHT, LORD BEAVERBROOK, THE CANADIAN-BORN PRESS BARON, HAD THIS TO SAY:

"I NEVER KNEW LORD ALANBROOKE WAS THE WAR HERO UNTIL I READ HIS BOOK."

SS247PES

B99 Q
DT
UNDATED ALANBROOKE-EISENHOWER
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

THE WARTIME CHIEF OF BRITAIN'S GENERAL STAFF TOOK COGNIZANCE TODAY OF A WHITE HOUSE DENIAL THAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER PLAYED GOLF AT A VITAL STAGE OF WORLD WAR II BY SAYING THAT WASN'T WHAT HE MEANT IN HIS WARTIME DIARIES, JUST PUBLISHED.

VISCOUNT ALANBROOKE SAID IN A TELEPHONE INTERVIEW HE HAD NO INTENTION OF SUGGESTING THAT EISENHOWER TOOK TO THE LINKS JUST BEFORE THE BATTLE OF THE BULGE IN 1944, THAT HE MERELY MEANT EISENHOWER WAS AT HIS HEADQUARTERS, SITUATED ON A GOLF LINKS, AT THE TIME.

ALANBROOKE'S CONTROVERSIAL PHRASE CAME IN A SECTION OF THE DIARIES, PUBLISHED LAST WEEKEND IN A BOOK CALLED "TRIUMPH IN THE WEST," CRITICIZING EISENHOWER'S CONDUCT OF THE WAR AS SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER. DATED NOV.24, 1944, THE ENTRY CLAIMED THERE WAS A "VERY UNSATISFACTORY STATE OF AFFAIRS IN FRANCE WITH NO ONE RUNNING THE LAND BATTLE."

"EISENHOWER, THOUGH SUPPOSED TO BE DOING SO, IS ON THE GOLF LINKS AT REIMS--ENTIRELY DETACHED AND TAKING PRACTICALLY NO PART IN THE WAR," IT SAID.

THIS DID NOT MEAN EISENHOWER WAS ON THE LINKS FOR THE USUAL PURPOSE--TO PLAY GOLF, ALANBROOKE INSISTED. HE TOLD THE ASSOCIATED PRESS: "I HAD NO INTENTION OF SUGGESTING THAT THE PRESIDENT ACTUALLY PLAYED GOLF AT THAT TIME. IF YOU LOOK IN THE DIARIES YOU'LL SEE THERE WAS NO ACCUSATION THAT HE HAD ANY GOLF CLUBS AND THERE WAS NO ACCUSATION THAT HE WAS PLAYING GOLF. YOU MIGHT JUST AS WELL SAY THAT I WAS ACCUSING EISENHOWER OF DRINKING CHAMPAGNE BECAUSE HE WAS AT REIMS."

REIMS IS A CENTER OF THE FRENCH CHAMPAGNE INDUSTRY.

ALANBROOKE DECLINED TO DISCUSS THE IMPLICATION OF HIS DIARY ENTRY AND WHETHER IT GAVE A MISLEADING IMPRESSION. HE SAID HE MEANT ONLY TO REFER TO THE FACT THAT EISENHOWER'S HEADQUARTERS AT THE TIME WERE IN THE CLUBHOUSE OF A DISUSED GOLD COURSE AT REIMS.

"I THINK I EVEN DESCRIBED IN A FOOTNOTE THAT HE WAS LIVING IN HIS CARAVAN AND HIS STAFF WAS LIVING IN THE ACTUAL BUILDING OF THE GOLF LINKS," ALANBROOKE SAID.

HE HAD EARLIER REFUSED TO ELABORATE IN ANY WAY ON HIS CHARGES.

EISENHOWER MADE NO REPLY TO THE CHARGE, AND AT FIRST HIS PRESS SECRETARY, JAMES C. HAGERTY, SAID HE NEVER WOULD HAVE ANY COMMENT ON ALLANBROOKE'S BOOK.

BUT YESTERDAY, AT A WHITE HOUSE NEWS CONFERENCE, HAGERTY WAS TOLD A REPORTER HAD CHECKED INTO THE MATTER AND FOUND THAT EISENHOWER PLAYED VERY LITTLE GOLF DURING THE WAR.

HAGERTY HESTITATED, THEN SAID:

"WELL, I THINK I CAN SAY THIS: SOMEBODY HAS EXAGGERATED IT. FROM THE TIME THE ALLIES LANDED IN EUROPE UNTIL THE VICTORY WAS WON THE PRESIDENT DIDN'T HAVE A GOLF CLUB IN HIS HANDS, MUCH LESS PLAY AT A GOLF COURSE."

THE INVASION WAS IN JUNE 1944, AND GERMANY SURRENDERED THE FOLLOWING MAY.

ANOTHER WHITE HOUSE OFFICIAL, WHO WAS WITH EISENHOWER THEN, NOTED THAT BOTH IN ENGLAND AND FRANCE THE GENERAL'S HEADQUARTERS WERE LOCATED ON RUINED GOLF COURSES.

THE GOLF COURSE AT RHEIMS WAS NOT PLAYABLE AT ALL.

IN ENGLAND HIS HEADQUARTERS OUTSIDE LONDON WAS ON A LINKS THAT HAD BEEN TAKEN OVER FOR MILITARY USE. SEVERAL HOLES WERE STILL USABLE, HAGERTY SAID, AND AT THAT TIME, BEFORE THE INVASION, EISENHOWER OCCASIONALLY PLAYED A FEW RAGGED HOLES FOR EXERCISE.

CR532AES

A27

NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER (300)

BY HENRY S. BRADSHER

NEW DELHI, NOV.6 (AP)-INDIANS JOINED TODAY IN WELCOMING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S PLAN FOR A FIVE-DAY VISIT NEXT MONTH TO INDIA, COMMUNIST-BADGERED LEADER OF THE ASIAN NEUTRAL BLOC.

IT WILL BE THE TURNING POINT "IN FORGING CLOSER BONDS BETWEEN THE WORLD'S TWO BIGGEST DEMOCRACIES," DECLARED THE INDIAN EXPRESS.

THE BRITISH-OWNED STATESMAN EXPRESSED HOPE THAT EISENHOWER'S VISIT WILL IMPART "A LITTLE MORE REALISM AND RESTRAINT" TO RED CHINA'S CAMPAIGN TO ABSORB INDIAN BORDER TERRITORY.

PRESIDENT REJENDRA PRASAD CABLED EISENHOWER THAT THE INDIAN PEOPLE WILL RECEIVE HIM WITH AFFECTION.

EISENHOWER'S DECISION TO OPEN THE AMERICAN EXHIBIT AT THE WORLD AGRICULTURAL FAIR HERE DEC.11 WAS HAILED BY AGRICULTURE MINISTER PUNJABRAO DESHMUKH AS "THE BIGGEST NEWS WE COULD EVER HAVE HAD."

THE PRESIDENT ALSO IS EXPECTED TO ADDRESS A JOINT SESSION OF INDIA'S PARLIAMENT.

HE WILL CERTAINLY SPEND CONSIDERABLE TIME TALKING WITH PRIME MINISTER NEHRU. HE WILL LAY A WRETH AT RAJGHAT, WHERE INDEPENDENCE LEADER MOHANDAS K. GANDHI WAS CREMATED IN 1948. HE WILL VISIT THE TAJ MAHAL AT AGRA, PROBABLY DEC.12.

THERE WAS ENTHUSIASM ALSO IN PAKISTAN, A NEIGHBOR WITH WHICH INDIA IS COMING TO A CLOSER UNDERSTANDING AFTER YEARS OF BICKERING. EISENHOWER IS DUE THERE DEC.8.

"WE WILL BE AFFECTING SOME OF THE IMPORTANT ISSUES AFFECTING THIS REGION," FOREIGN MINISTER MANZOOR QADIR TOLD NEWSMEN.

ITALY, TURKEY, AFGHANISTAN, IRAN, GREECE, FRANCE AND MOROCCO ARE OTHER NATIONS ON THE PRESIDENT'S ITINERARY. HE IS DUE BACK IN THE UNITED STATES DEC.22.

THE VATICAN ANNOUNCED THAT POPE JOHN XXIII WILL RECEIVE THE PRESIDENT DEC.6, AT THE WINDUP OF HIS THREE-DAY VISIT TO ROME. EISENHOWER HAS BEEN TO THE VATICAN BEFORE. AS GENERAL COMMANDING ALLIED FORCES HE WAS RECEIVED BY POPE PIUS XII AFTER WORLD WAR II.

EISENHOWER IS THE SECOND AMERICAN PRESIDENT TO BE RECEIVED BY A ROMAN CATHOLIC PONTIFF. PRESIDENT WILSON SAW POPE BENEDICT XV AT THE VATICAN JAN.4. 1919.

A49

NIGHT LEAD SUMMIT (260)

BY GEORGE MCARTHUR

PARIS, NOV. 6 (AP)-FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE SAID TODAY THE WESTERN WORLD MUST BE SOLIDLY UNANIMOUS BEFORE SITTING DOWN WITH THE SOVIETS AT AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT MEETING.

A CONTINUED EASING OF WORLD TENSIONS--SUCH AS HE SAYS HAS BEGUN SINCE PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES--MUST CONTINUE AS A PRIOR CONDITION TO SUMMIT TALKS, HE ADDED.

HE TOLD THE ANGLO-AMERICAN PRESS CLUB A SUMMIT DISCUSSION LIMITED TO BERLIN WOULD HAVE ROUGH SLEDDING.

"I DO NOT BELIEVE THAT IN THE QUESTION OF BERLIN THERE ARE GOOD REASONS FOR THE WEST TO PRESENT THEMSELVES AS 'ASKERS'. THE QUESTION HAS BEEN RAISED BY THE SOVIET UNION. THE BEST FOR THE WEST IS TO MAINTAIN THE STATUS QUO. THE RUSSIANS ARE INTERESTED IN MODIFYING IT. WE ARE NOT IN A HURRY TO DO SO. ARE THE RUSSIANS, ON THEIR SIDE, IN A HURRY? I DON'T KNOW. THE ASSURANCES WHICH WERE GIVEN DURING THE MEETING OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WITH PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TEND TO SHOW THAT IT IS NOT A QUESTION OF TIME."

HE SAID IT WAS NECESSARY FOR THE WEST TO BE COMPLETELY IN AGREEMENT BEFORE THE SUMMIT MEETING AND HE WELCOMED THE WESTERN SUMMIT MEETING IN PARIS DEC. 19 AS A MEANS OF ASSURING THIS. UNTIL THEN, HE SAID, DISCUSSION OF A DATE FOR THE EAST-WEST MEETING WOULD BE PREMATURE.

ASKED ABOUT A POSSIBLE AGENDA FOR THE SUMMIT, THE FOREIGN MINISTER LISTED BERLIN, GERMANY, DISARMAMENT AND AID TO UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES AS POSSIBLE ITEMS.

J658PES

1959

B4

PARIS, NOV 6 (AP)-NINE U.S. YOUTHS GOT A BRIEFING TODAY ON ALLIED COOPERATION WITHIN THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO) AT SUPREME HEADQUARTERS ALLIED POWERS IN EUROPE (SHAPE).

THE YOUTHS ARE ON A EUROPEAN TOUR SPONSORED BY A WEEKLY MAGAZINE (FAMILY WEEKLY) AND HOMETOWN NEWSPAPERS.

THEY WERE WELCOMED BY AIR FORCE COL. E.S. LELAND OF MERIDIAN, MISS., U.S. MILITARY REPRESENTATIVE AT SHAPE.

THE GROUP TOURED THE LANGUAGE LABORATORY TO SEE TECHNIQUES USED TO INSTRUCT THE MULTI-NATIONAL STAFF IN SHAPE'S TWO OFFICIAL LANGUAGES--ENGLISH AND FRENCH.

AFTER A RECEPTION ATTENDED BY ALLIED OFFICERS, THE YOUTHS VISITED THE INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL AT SHAPE VILLAGE AND LUNCHED WITH STUDENTS FROM 10 NATIONS. IN THE AFTERNOON THEY WERE SCHEDULED TO VISIT VERSAILLES.

THE GROUP INCLUDED: RALPH SNIDERLE, 11, (8278 LONDON AVE.) CUCAMONGA, CALIF.; JEFF MIDGETT, 12, (2230 S. MOUNTAIN) DUARTE, CALIF.; PHILIPP NICLALAS, 13, (1461 CALIFORNIA ST.) EUREKA, CALIF.; RUSSELL GRIPP, 14, (1300 FORBES) LAKEPORT, CALIF.; CHARLES CANFIELD 13, (1290 BONNIE BRAE) POMONA, CALIF.; ROGER HOFFMAN, 17, (212 38TH PLACE,) MANHATTAN BEACH, CALIF.; RICKEY MCCAMPBELL, 12, (1126 GRAND AVE. FAIR OAKS), ARROYO GRANDE, CALIF.; ANDY BENEDICT, 17, (615 ALAMO ST.) SPARTANBURG, S.C.; ROBERT ROESLER, 15, (310 S. PIERCE AVE.) PIERRE, S.D.

LH921AES

BERLIN, NOV. 6 (AP)-MAYOR WILLY BRANDT REPORTED THAT NO COMMUNIST FLAGS HAD BEEN HOISTED TODAY OVER HIS WESTERN SECTOR OF THIS DIVIDED CITY. ASKED IF THIS WAS A TRIUMPH FOR THE WEST, BRANDT REPLIED:

"IN SUCH SITUATIONS, ONE SHOULD NOT CROW OVER A VICTORY. BUT WE DID NOT LOSE."

5-27

BRANDT SPOKE AT A NEWS CONFERENCE ATTENDED BY MANY REPORTERS WHO HAD COME TO BERLIN EXPECTING THE COMMUNISTS WOULD RAISE THEIR FLAGS OVER THE ELEVATED RAILWAY STATIONS IN BERLIN. THESE STATIONS ARE OPERATED BY THE COMMUNISTS UNDER A FOUR-POWER PACT. WEST BERLIN POLICE, BACKED BY THE WESTERN ALLIES, HAD PROMISED TO TEAR THE FLAGS DOWN.

THE MAYOR COMMENTED THAT COMMUNIST FLAGS MIGHT BE CARRIED TOMORROW ON THE 42ND ANNIVERSARY OF THE BOLSHEVIK REVOLUTION IN MOSCOW. WREATHS WILL BE LAID ON THE SOVIET WAR MEMORIAL. THIS IS A COUPLE OF HUNDRED YARDS INSIDE WEST BERLIN. HE SAID WEST BERLIN POLICE WOULD NOT ACT AGAINST EAST GERMAN FLAGS FLOWN AT THE MONUMENT ITSELF BUT DECLINED TO SAY IF EAST BERLINERS WOULD BE ALLOWED TO DISPLAY THE FLAGS ON THE SHORT WALK OVER WESTERN TERRITORY TO THE MONUMENT.

JR408PES

S78

BERLIN, NOV.6 (AP)-MAX MERTEN, CONVICTED OF WAR CRIMES IN GREECE, ARRIVED IN BERLIN TODAY IN THE CUSTODY OF FOUR PLAINCLOTHES POLICEMEN AND WAS JAILED ON CHARGES OF KILLING JEWS IN WORLD WAR II.

MERTEN IS A 47-YEAR-OLD WEST BERLIN LAWYER ACCUSED OF ACTING AS LEGAL ADVISER TO A GERMAN COURT MARTIAL IN SALONIKA FROM 1942 TO 1944. LAST MARCH A GREEK MILITARY COURT SENTENCED HIM TO 25 YEARS IN PRISON. HE WAS RELEASED YESTERDAY UNDER A RECENT AMNESTY LAW.

HE WAS JAILED HERE UNDER A WARRANT CHARGING HE HAD "KILLED A STILL UNDETERMINED NUMBER OF GREEK CITIZENS."

ML1254PES

A67WX

(300) ANTI-SEMITISM

BY JOHN SCALI

WASHINGTON, NOV. 6 (AP)-THE AMERICAN JEWISH CONGRESS TODAY REPORTED THAT "SERIOUS AND ALARMING" ANTI-SEMITIC INCIDENTS HAVE BEEN BREAKING OUT IN WEST GERMANY.

AT THE SAME TIME, THE ORGANIZATION IN A DETAILED REPORT ASSAILED THE RESURGING INDUSTRIAL POWER OF ALFRED KRUPP, ONCE JAILED AS A WAR CRIMINAL.

THE WEST GERMAN AMBASSADOR, WILHELM GREWE, ACCEPTED A COPY OF THE 25,000-WORD REPORT AT A NEWS CONFERENCE HE ATTENDED WITH RABBI JOACHIM PRINZ OF NEWARK, N.J., PRESIDENT OF THE CONGRESS. THE ORGANIZATION, WHICH CLAIMS 300,000 MEMBERS, SEEKS TO STIMULATE AWARENESS OF JEWISH AFFAIRS.

GREWE PRAISED THE REPORT AS A VALUABLE ADDITION TO SIMILAR STUDIES MADE OF ANTI-SEMITISM BUT HE DISAGREED WITH THE MAIN THEME -- THAT ANTI-JEWISH INCIDENTS ARE ON THE UPRISE IN HIS HOMELAND.

GREWE MAINTAINED THAT PUBLICITY ABOUT SUCH INCIDENTS HAS INCREASED BUT THAT ACTUALLY THE TREND IN WEST GERMANY HAS BEEN AGAINST THOSE WHO PREACH OR ARE INVOLVED IN ANTI-SEMITISM.

TODAY'S REPORT PROPOSED A SPECIFIC CAMPAIGN TO END WHAT IT TERMED THE "SOMBER ANTI-SEMITIC INCIDENTS OF THE PAST YEAR."

THIS PROGRAM CALLS FOR TIGHTENING OF LAWS, A BROAD INFORMATIONAL PROGRAM, PUNISHMENT OF ANTI-SEMITES AND ACTION BY THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT TO WEED OUT EX-NAZIS IN ITS RANKS.

30.24- 9155

THE REPORT AVOIDED ANY CRITICISM OF CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER OR HIS TOP GOVERNMENT AIDES BY NAME BUT ONE OF ITS MAIN POINTS WAS THIS:

"THE RECENT SERIES OF ANTI-SEMITIC INCIDENTS IS SERIOUS AND ALARMING. WHILE IT IS TRUE THAT THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SUCH INCIDENTS RESTS WITH AN INCORRIGIBLE MINORITY, IT IS ALSO TRUE THAT THE PERPETRATORS OF THE ANTI-JEWISH OUTRAGES WOULD NOT HAVE DARED TO ACT IN AN UNPROPITIOUS ATMOSPHERE.

"CLEARLY THE APATHY AND INDIFFERENCE OF LARGE SECTIONS OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE TO THE PROBLEM OF ANTI-SEMITISM HAS EMBOLDENED HOODLUM ELEMENTS."

IN ASSAILING KRUPP'S RETURN TO GERMAN INDUSTRIAL LIFE, THE REPORT SAID:

"TODAY, THE SMALL GROUP OF MONOPOLISTS WHO HELPED HITLER TO POWER, EVEN THOSE AMONG THEM WHO WERE CONVICTED AND SENTENCED FOR CRIMES AGAINST HUMANITY, ARE AGAIN DOING BUSINESS AS USUAL...

"TODAY, WHILE MANY PEOPLE IN THE FREE WORLD WATCH WITH SERIOUS MISGIVINGS, THE KRUPP INDUSTRIES ROAR AGAIN WITH PRODUCTION LARGER THAN BEFORE THE WAR."

CZ714PES

B6 (Q) (140)

TURIN, ITALY, NOV. 6 (AP)-JAMES D. ZELLERBACH, U.S. AMBASSADOR TO ITALY, WARNED TODAY AGAINST TOO MUCH OPTIMISM ABOUT RELATIONS BETWEEN THE WEST AND RUSSIA.

THE SAN FRANCISCO INDUSTRIALIST, REFERRING TO SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S MEETINGS WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND BRITISH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN, SAID:

"RECENT MEETINGS, AND ANTICIPATION OF FORTHCOMING AND PROPOSED MEETINGS OF HEADS OF GOVERNMENT, HAVE DONE SOMETHING TO IMPROVE THE (WORLD) ATMOSPHERE. BUT THE CLEARER AIR ONLY MAKES MORE VISIBLE THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE WEST.

"WE MUST NOT LET THE OPTIMISM OF A SUNNY DAY IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS MAKE US THINK THAT THE OPPOSITE EDGE OF THE CHASM HAS MOVED NEARER, OR THAT THE GAP WILL BE EASY TO BRIDGE."

ZELLERBACH SPOKE AT A MEETING OF THE TURIN COMMITTEE OF THE AMERICAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE FOR ITALY.

RP240PES

A125

GENEVA, NOV. 6 (AP)-THE REGULAR SESSION OF THE THREE-NATION NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS WAS POSTPONED FOR THE SECOND DAY IN SUCCESSION TODAY AT THE REQUEST OF THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH DELEGATIONS.

A WESTERN SPOKESMAN SAID THE TWO DELEGATIONS HAVE NOT COMPLETED DETAILED PROPOSALS FOR A TECHNICAL STUDY OF NEW SCIENTIFIC DATA ON THE CONTROL OF UNDERGROUND BLASTS. THE WESTERN PROPOSALS ARE NOW EXPECTED TO BE SUBMITTED MONDAY, IN REPLY TO A SOVIET PROPOSAL FOR A TECHNICAL STUDY WHICH WESTERN SOURCES DESCRIBED AS "COMPLETELY INADEQUATE."

MM1046AES

A68

(320)

BY A.I. GOLDBERG

MOSCOW, NOV. 6 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION OPENED NEGOTIATIONS TODAY FOR A NEW SCIENTIFIC, TECHNICAL AND CULTURAL EXCHANGE AGREEMENT IN A FRIENDLY ATMOSPHERE.

THE NEGOTIATIONS ARE BEING CARRIED OUT IN PRIVATE BUT THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS SAID BOTH SIDES AT THE FIRST SESSION HERALDED THE FIRST TWO-YEAR AGREEMENT EXPIRING IN JANUARY AS "A SOUND PRACTICAL STEP TOWARD A RAPPORCHEMENT BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES WHICH PROMOTED MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING."

11

GEORGI ZHUKOV, CHAIRMAN OF THE SOVIET CULTURAL COMMITTEE, SAID THAT PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV'S TRIP TO THE UNITED STATES HAD OPENED A NEW ERA OF RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES. HE APPARENTLY MADE NO MENTION OF HIS CHARGE IN A SOVIET MAGAZINE LAST WEEK THAT THE WEST, AND PARTICULARLY THE UNITED STATES, HAS TRIED TO USE CULTURAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS TO "FOIST AN ALIEN IDEOLOGY ON OTHER COUNTRIES.

THE DELEGATES POSED TOGETHER FOR PICTURES AND AGREED ON PROCEDURE. THEN THEY ADJOURNED UNTIL MONDAY, AFTER THE CELEBRATION OF THE 42ND ANNIVERSARY OF THE BOLSHEVIK REVOLUTION.

ZHUKOV WAS FLANKED BY HIS DEPUTY, V. DANILOV, AND 13 SOVIET LEADERS IN EDUCATION, SCIENCE, ART AND LITERATURE.

FREDERICK MERRILL, DIRECTOR OF THE EAST-WEST CONTACTS STAFF IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT, HEADED THE U.S. TEAM, WHICH INCLUDED AMBASSADOR LLEWELLYN THOMPSON, TURNER SHELDON OF MERRILL'S DEPARTMENT AND LESLIE BRADY, CULTURAL COUNSELOR AT THE U.S. EMBASSY HERE.

THE NEW AGREEMENT IS EXPECTED TO PROVIDE MORE LENGTHY VISITS FOR INDUSTRIAL EXPERTS AND ALSO BE MORE LIBERAL IN OPENING UP TOURING AREAS, INCLUDING SOME NOW CLOSED AS DEFENSE ZONES.

BY THE TIME THE FIRST AGREEMENT EXPIRES IN JANUARY, BOTH COUNTRIES WILL HAVE EXCHANGED ABOUT 1,500 PERSONS EACH, INVOLVING APPROXIMATELY 125 PROJECTS.

THE EXCHANGE GROUPS HAVE RANGED FROM BALLET TROUPES TO TOP-FLIGHT SCIENTIFICDELEGATIONS.

FEWER VISITS BY SOVIET BALLET AND FOLK DANCING GROUPS APPEAR IN PROSPECT UNDER THE NEW AGREEMENT AS WELL AS A TAPERING OFF OF VISITS BY AMERICAN SYMPHONIC GROUPS TO THE SOVIET UNION.

A COMMUNIQUE ISSUED AFTER THE OPENING MEETING SAID BOTH SIDES CONSIDERED THE FIRST TWO-YEAR AGREEMENT WAS CARRIED OUT SUCCESSFULLY AND BETTERED RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO NATIONS.

IT DESCRIBED THE CURRENT TALKS AS "FURTHER EXCHANGES IN THE FIELDS OF SCIENCE, INDUSTRY, TRANSPORT, AGRICULTURE, CONSTRUCTION, TRADE, EDUCATION, PUBLIC HEALTH, PERFORMING ARTS, CINEMATOGRAPHY, RADIO, TELEVISION AND SPORTS, AS WELL AS IN OTHER FIELDS."

HW938AES

959

A164

(350)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR SATURDAY AMS NOV. 7

(ADVANCE) NEW DELHI, NOV. 6 (AP)-INDIA HAS AN UPHILL STRUGGLE AGAINST COMMUNIST CHINESE INCURSIONS IN THE HIMALAYAN FRONTIER AREAS.

THE INDIANS HAVE TO CLIMB UP THE RUGGED SLOPES OF THE HIMALAYAS TO REACH THE BORDER ALONG THE WORLD'S HIGHEST WATERSHED.

THE CHINESE ON THE TIBETAN PLATEAU HAVE THE ADVANTAGE OF HEIGHT AND RELATIVELY EASY TERRAIN ON THEIR SIDE OF THE DISPUTED BORDER.

PAST FAILURES TO BUILD ROADS IN THE SPARSELY INHABITED AREAS NOW PREVENT THE INDIAN ARMY FROM BEING ABLE TO MOVE IN TROOPS. AIRCRAFT CAN HELP EASE THE PROBLEM BUT THEY CANNOT SOLVE IT BECAUSE OF THE HIGH ALTITUDES AND LACK OF LANDING STRIPS.

PRIME MINISTER NEHRU TOLD NEWSMEN THIS WEEK THERE IS AN ELEMENT OF JUSTIFICATION IN THE COMPLAINT THAT THERE ARE NOT ENOUGH ROADS OR COMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES IN THE BORDER AREAS. HE SAID INDIA WAS SO LITTLE PREPARED MILITARILY ON THE NORTHERN BORDERS BECAUSE IT NEVER EXPECTED TROUBLE FROM THE CHINESE THERE.

"THE TERRAIN FOR ROAD MAKING IS TERRIBLE," HE ADDED.

TROOPS HAVE TO RIDE PONIES AND WALK FOR TWO WEEKS FROM THE END OF THE SRINAGAR ROAD TO THE CURRENTLY DISPUTED LADAKH FRONTIER AREA.

IN THE DISPUTED NORTHEAST FRONTIER AGENCY AT THE OTHER END OF NORTHERN INDIA FROM LADAKH, CHINESE AND INDIAN FROCES CLASHED IN AUGUST. IT TOOK AMLOST TWO WEEKS FOR AN INDIAN RELIEF COLUMN TO CLIMB UP THROUGH THE LEECH-INFESTED JUNGLES OF THE STEEP HIMALAYAN FOOTHILLS TO THE LONGJU AREA.

"AS AN EXAMPLE OF HOW ROUGH THE GOING IS, AN ARMY OFFICER POINTED OUT IT TOOK THREE YEARS TO BUILD THE 50-MILE ROAD INTO THE NORTHEAST FRONTIER AGENCY THAT THE DALAI LAMA USED AFTER HIS FLIGHT FROM TIBET LAST MARCH.

BESIDES THICK JUNGLE, STEEP HILLS, AND MONSOON-TRIGGERED LANDSLIDES, ROADBUILDERS HAVE TO OVERCOME SHORTAGE OF LABORERS IN THE FRONTIER AREAS. ALL WORKERS MUST BE BROUGHT IN AND SUPPLIED FROM OUTSIDE.

END ADVANCE FOR SATURDAY AMS NOV. 7; MOVED NOV. 5

LM1216AES

B84 Q

(280)

FIRST LEAD PLANE B55

TOKYO, NOV. 6 (AP)-THE NATIONAL DEFENSE COUNCIL SETTLED A LONGSTANDING CONTROVERSY TODAY BY CHOOSING THE LOCKHEED F104C STARFIGHTER TO FORM THE BACKBONE OF JAPAN'S FLEDGLING AIR FORCE.

IT RECOMMENDED PLANS FOR THE MANUFACTURE IN JAPAN OF 200 OF THE MILLION DOLLAR SUPERSONIC JETS UNDER JAPAN'S NEW FIVE-YEAR DEFENSE PROGRAM, SCHEDULED TO BEGIN IN 1960.

THE CABINET-LEVEL COUNCIL, HEADED BY PRIME MINISTER NOBUSUKE KISHI, ALSO APPROVED CERTAIN MODIFICATIONS TO THE STARFIGHTER TO MEET JAPANESE NEEDS AND STIPULATED THAT 20 OF THE 200 PLANES BE TRAINER MODELS.

IN TAKING THIS ACTION, THE COUNCIL WAS ACTING ON RECOMMENDATIONS PUT FORWARD EARLIER IN THE DAY BY THE DEFENSE BOARD. THE DEFENSE BOARD RECOMMENDATIONS, IN TURN, WERE BASED ON THE FINDINGS OF THE AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF, LT. GEN. MINORU GENDA, WHO RETURNED LAST MONTH WITH A TEAM OF EXPERTS FROM THE UNITED STATES WHERE HE TEST-FLEW FOUR OF AMERICA'S TOP JET FIGHTER PLANES-- LOCKHEED, GRUMMAN, NORTHROP, CONVAIR.

CURRENT JAPANESE DEFENSE PLANS CALL FOR A 1,000-PLANE AIR FORCE, ABOUT HALF FRONTLINE JET FIGHTERS.

DEFENSE BOARD SOURCES SAID JAPAN IS EXPECTED TO ENTER INTO NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES WITHOUT DELAY TO DISCUSS HOW MUCH EACH SIDE WILL BEAR IN THIS COST-SHARING PROJECT. THEY SAID JAPAN WOULD LIKE TO SEE AT LEAST A THIRD SHOULDERED BY WASHINGTON.

GEN. GENDA'S U.S. VISIT WAS PRECEDED BY A LENGTHY, POLITICAL DEBATE IN JAPAN OUT OF WHICH EMERGED THE TENTATIVE DECISION TO CHOOSE THE GRUMMAN FIGHTER. THE DECISION CAME TO NAUGHT, HOWEVER BECAUSE OF THE CONTROVERSY INVOLVED.

THERE HAS BEEN CONTINUING CRITICISM FROM LEFT WING AS WELL AS SOME CONSERVATIVE GROUPS OF JAPANESE PLANS TO ACQUIRE A NEW JET FIGHTER. CRITICS SAY JAPAN CANNOT AFFORD TO SPEND SO MUCH MONEY, AND THAT SUCH FUNDS COULD BE PUT TO BETTER USE SINCE GUIDED MISSILES, NOT JET FIGHTERS, NOW DOMINATE MILITARY STRATEGY.

MEANWHILE, 14 CONTROVERSIAL AIR-TO-AIR GUIDED MISSILE SIDEWINDERS ARRIVED FROM THE UNITED STATES AT THE U.S. AIR BASE AT TACHIKAWA ABOARD A U.S. TRANSPORT PLANE. THEY WERE TRANSFERRED TO THE JAPANESE MILITARY WHICH FLEW THEM TO KOMAKI AIR BASE, NEAR NAGOYA.

JAPAN'S LABOR UNIONS SPEARHEADED A DRIVE TO PREVENT IMPORT OF SIDEWINDER MISSILES BECAUSE THEY MIGHT CARRY NUCLEAR WARHEADS. STEVEDORES HAD PLANNED TO REFUSE TO UNLOAD THEM IF THEY WERE BROUGHT IN BY SHIP.

LU929AES

A18UN

BJT

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD LAOS (400)

BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 6 (AP)-A U.N. FACT-FINDING GROUP REPORTED TODAY IT FAILED TO UNCOVER PROOF OF CHARGES BY LAOS THAT IT HAD BEEN INVADED BY COMMUNIST TROOPS FROM NORTH VIET NAM.

BUT THE FOUR-NATION SUBCOMMITTEE TOLD THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL IT DID DISCOVER EVIDENCE THAT REBELS IN THE RESTIVE ASIAN KINGDOM HAD RECEIVED EQUIPMENT, ARMS, SUPPLIES AND THE HELP OF POLITICAL ADVISERS FROM THE COMMUNIST REGIME ACROSS THE NORTHERN BORDER.

THE LONG-AWAITED 32-PAGE REPORT TO THE 11-NATION COUNCIL HAD THESE IMMEDIATE REPERCUSSIONS:

1. A U.N. SPOKESMAN SAID SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD WAS CONSIDERING MAKING A VISIT TO LAOS, BUT IT WOULD HAVE NO CONNECTION WITH THE REPORT TO THE COUNCIL.

2. A SPOKESMAN FOR THE U.S. DELEGATION HAILED THE REPORT AS ONE THAT WOULD "ENABLE THE SECURITY COUNCIL TO BETTER UNDERSTAND THE DANGER THAT CONFRONTS LAOS." HE SAID THE UNITED STATES WAS CONSIDERING WHAT ADDITIONAL STEPS MIGHT BE TAKEN IN THE UNITED NATIONS "TO FURTHER HELP THE LAOTIAN PEOPLE MAINTAIN THEIR FREEDOM AND INDEPENDENCE."

3. THE SOVIET DELEGATION DECLARED THE REPORT CAUSED THE COLLAPSE, "LIKE A CARD-CASTLE, OF THE ENTIRE HEAP OF ABSURD CHARGES ADVANCED BY THE LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT AND BY THOSE WHO ARE PURSUING IT TO HAMSTRING THE PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT" OF THE ASIAN KINGDOM'S PROBLEMS.

4. MEMBERS OF THE LAOTIAN DELEGATION SAID THEY HAD NO COMMENT ON THE REPORT, BUT ASSERTED THE QUESTION OF FOREIGN INTERVENTION IN LAOS' DOMESTIC AFFAIRS HAD BEEN AMPLY DEMONSTRATED IN PREVIOUS DECLARATIONS OF LAOTIAN OFFICIALS.

5. AMBASSADOR JORGE ILLUECA OF PANAMA, PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL, SAID CONSULTATIONS WERE TAKING PLACE AMONG COUNCIL MEMBERS ON THE NEXT STEP. THE COUNCIL SET UP THE SUBCOMMITTEE LAST SEPT. 7 OVER SOVIET OBJECTION.

LAST NIGHT SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VASILY V.KUZNETSOV TOLD REPORTERS HIS COUNTRY TOOK A NEGATIVE VIEW OF A VISIT TO LAOS BY HAMMARSKJOLD. KUZNETSOV STRESSED THAT ANY LAOTIAN SETTLEMENT SHOULD BE BASED ON THE 1954 GENEVA AGREEMENT SETTING UP AN INTERNATIONAL CONTROL COMMISSION FOR LAOS.

KUZNETSOV MET PRIVATELY WITH HAMMARSKJOLD THIS AFTERNOON FOR AN EXCHANGE OF VIEWS ON A POSSIBLE TRIP BY THE SECRETARY GENERAL TO LAOS. KUZNETSOV TOLD A REPORTER LATER THE SOVIET UNION WAS OPPOSED TO ANY KIND OF U.N. INTERFERENCE IN LAOS, BUT HE DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER HE REGARDED A TRIP AS CONSTITUTING SUCH INTERFERENCE.

U.S. AMBASSADOR HENRY CABOT LODGE ALSO CALLED ON HAMMARSKJOLD.

THE U.N. SPOKESMAN TOOK SPECIAL PAINS TO DENY SUGGESTIONS THAT A HAMMARSKJOLD TRIP TO LAOS WOULD BE UNDERTAKEN AT THE REQUEST OF ANY OTHER PARTY EXCEPT THE LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID HAMMARSKJOLD WOULD MAKE THE VISIT "IN HIS CAPACITY AND WITHIN HIS RESPONSIBILITIES AS SECRETARY GENERAL AND AT THE INVITATION OF THE GOVERNMENT OF LAOS."

HE RECALLED THAT HAMMARSKJOLD WAS CONSULTING WITH THE LAOTIANS ON THEIR TROUBLES LONG BEFORE THEY ASKED THE SECURITY COUNCIL LAST SEPTEMBER TO SEND AN EMERGENCY FORCE TO LAOS.

THE REPORT SUBMITTED TO THE COUNCIL BY THE REPRESENTATIVES OF ARGENTINA, JAPAN, ITALY AND TUNISIA SAID THE WARFARE IN LAOS FROM LAST JULY TO OCT. 11 WAS OF A GUERRILLA CHARACTER, BUT APPEARED TO HAVE A CENTRALIZED COORDINATION.

IT TOOK NOTE OF OFFICIAL STATEMENTS BY LAOS THAT COMMUNIST VIET MINH TROOPS TOOK PART IN AN ATTACK ON AUG. 30, AND THAT AFTER SEPT. 15 THESE FORCES RETURNED TO NORTH VIET NAM TERRITORY EXCEPT FOR SOME UNITS. BUT IT ADDED THESE KEY WORDS:

"WITNESSES REPORTED THAT IN CERTAIN CASES THERE HAD BEEN PARTICIPATION OF ARMED ELEMENTS WITH ETHNIC VIETNAMESE CHARACTERISTICS, BUT THEY DID NOT IDENTIFY THEM AS BELONGING TO NORTH VIETNAMESE REGULAR ARMY UNITS.

"THE ENSEMBLE OF INFORMATION SUBMITTED TO THE SUBCOMMITTEE DID NOT CLEARLY ESTABLISH WHETHER THERE WERE CROSSINGS OF THE FRONTIER BY REGULAR TROOPS OF THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF VIET NAM."

K328PES

30.24-9157

A39

ATOMIC (400)

BY LAWRENCE MALKIN

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV.6 (AP)-PRESSURE MOUNTED IN THE U.N. TODAY AGAINST PLANS OF FRANCE TO TEST AN ATOMIC BOMB IN THE SAHARA. THE FRENCH GAVE NO SIGN OF IYIELDING TO IT.

OF THE THREE ATOMIC POWERS, THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION HAVE REMAINED UNCOMMITTED ON THE FRENCH PLANS; BRITAIN SUPPORTS FRANCE'S TECHNICAL CLAIM THAT ITS BLAST WOULD HAVE ONLY A NEGLIGIBLE EFFECT ON AFRICANS LIVING NEAR THE TEST SITE. THE THREE ATOMIC POWERS NOW ARE BOUND BY A LOOSELY AGREED BAN ON WEAPONS TESTING, BUT FRANCE IS NOT INCLUDED.

INDIA, TUNISIA AND YUGOSLAVIA TODAY JOINED THOSE WHO SPOKE EARLIER IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S 82-NATION POLITICAL COMMITTEE AND ASSAILED FRANCE'S EFFORTS TO JOIN THE SO-CALLED BIG THREE NUCLEAR CLUB.

"NO MATTER HOW SMALL THE BOMB IS, IT IS A SETP BACKWARDS," SAID INDIAN DEFENSE MINISTER V.K. KRISHNA MENON. "IT WAS ONLY A SMALL BOMB (AT HIROSHIMA) THAT STARTED ALL THIS TROUBLE--THIS CHAIN LEADING TO BIGGER BOMBS."

AMBASSADOR TAIEB SLIM OF TUNISIA STRESSED THE CONCERN ALREADY VOICED BY OTHER COUNTRIES IN AFRICA--THEY ARE AFRAID THE TEST WILL DUMP RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT ON THEIR TERRITORY.

SLIM TOLD THE COMMITTEE THAT FRANCE MIGHT BETTER ENHANCE ITS DRIVE FOR INTERNATIONAL PRESTIGE BY CONCENTRATING ON THE PEACEFUL USES OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

OTHER ARGUMENTS THAT HAVE BEEN DIRECTED AT THE FRENCH:

1. THE TEST WILL DAMAGE THE CHANCES FOR SUCCESS OF THE U.S.-BRITISH-SOVIET ATOMIC TEST BAN NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA. THE FRENCH INSIST THAT THESE TALKS ARE BASED ON AN ARTIFICIAL MONOPOLY OF THE NUCLEAR POWERS AND SAY THEY WILL REFUSE TO RECOGNIZE THE RESULTS OF THE TALKS UNLESS THEY BRING AN END TO ATOMIC WEAPON STOCKPILES AS WELL AS TESTS.

2. THE FRENCH ARE DAMAGING THEIR POSITION WITH THE EMERGING NATIONS OF AFRICA BY USING AFRICAN SOIL FOR THE TEST. THE FRENCH REPLY THAT AFTER THE EMOTIONS OF THE CURRENT DEBATE DISAPPEAR, FRANCE WILL STILL HAVE ITS FRIENDS.

TWENTY-TWO NATIONS FROM ASIA AND AFRICA ARE SPONSORING A RESOLUTION THAT WOULD HAVE THE U.N. URGE FRANCE TO CANCEL THE TEST.

AN AUTHORITATIVE FRENCH SOURCE SAID THE TEST DATE "COULD BE IN A MONTH, OR IT COULD BE IN A YEAR."

JULES MOCH, FRENCH DISARMAMENT EXPERT WHO HAS BEEN DEFENDING HIS COUNTRY'S POSITION BEFORE THE COMMITTEE, HAS ALREADY ANNOUNCED THAT FRANCE POSSESSES A BOMB EVEN IF IT HAS NOT TESTED THE WEAPON.

THE FRENCH TESTING GROUNDS LIE DEEP IN THE SAHARA NEAR THE BORDER OF FRENCH SUDAN IN AN AREA KNOWN AS TANEZROUFT (THE DESERT OF THIRST). THIS IS ABOUT 600 MILES SOUTHEAST OF THE MOROCCAN CITY OF MARRAKECH.

MOCH PRESENTED CONSIDERABLE DATA TO BACK UP HIS CLAIM THAT THE BOMB--WHICH HE SAID WILL BE UP TO FIVE TIMES LARGER THAN THE HIROSHIMA DEVICE--WILL HAVE A NEGLIGIBLE EFFECT. FALLOUT WILL BE SMALL AND TANEZROUFT TESTING GROUNDS WILL BE CAREFULLY SEALED OFF FROM WANDERING TRIBES, HE SAID.

THIS ARGUMENT HAS FAILED TO SWAY THE REPRESENTATIVES OF MOROCCO, GHANA, LIBERIA AND OTHERS IN THE AREA.

ML516PES

A81

WITH U.N. FRENCH-ATOMIC (120)

PARIS, NOV. 6 (AP)-DR. ALBERT SCHWEITZER SAID TONIGHT IT IS URGENTLY NECESSARY TO HALT ALL ATOMIC TESTS.

THE MISSIONARY PHYSICIAN AND HUMANITARIAN SAID MAN HAS FOUND AN INCONCEIVABLE MEANS OF DESTRUCTION THAT IS OF A NATURE TO CAUSE THE DISAPPEARANCE OF HUMANITY.

HE SPOKE AT A MEETING ORGANIZED BY THE FRENCH ASSN. OF THE FRIENDS OF ALBERT SCHWEITZER.

HE TOLD HIS LISTENERS THEY WOULD ADOPT THE DOCTRINE OF RESPECT FOR HUMAN LIFE AND SHOULD REVIVE THE IDEA OF HUMANISM THAT TODAY'S CIVILIZATION HAS FORGOTTEN.

IN AN OBVIOUS REFERENCE TO FORTHCOMING MEETING OF EAST-WEST HEADS OF STATE, SCHWEITZER DECLARED:

"WE MUST DEVELOP THIS PSIRIT OF MUTUAL CONFIDENCE AND OF MAN-TO-MAN CONVERSATIONS. WE MUST CREATE AN ATMOSPHERE IN WHICH THE PEOPLE CAN BELIEVE NOT ONLY IN COEXISTENCE, BUT CAN ALSO UNDERSTAND AND RESPECT EACH OTHER."

RJ811PES

A149

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 6 (AP)-THE HUNGARIAN COMMITTEE, AN EXILE POLITICAL ORGANIZATION, MADE PUBLIC TODAY AN APPEAL TO SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD FOR A U.N. DEBATE ON HUNGARY.

A MEMORANDUM DELIVERED TO HAMMARSKJOLD'S OFFICE TUESDAY NOTED THAT THE SITUATION IN COMMUNIST HUNGARY WAS NOT ON THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S AGENDA, EVEN THOUGH SIR LESLIE MUNRO OF NEW ZEALAND IS TO PRODUCE A REPORT AS U.N. REPRESENTATIVE ON HUNGARY.

"THE PLIGHT OF THE HUNGARIAN PEOPLE SHOULD NOT BE FORGOTTEN." THE MEMORANDUM CONCLUDED. "THE HUNGARIAN COMMITTEE RESPECTFULLY ASKS THE SECRETARY GENERAL TO FACILITATE THE PRESENTATION OF SIR LESLIE MUNRO'S REPORT PERSONALLY TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY...AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE TIME."

DIPLOMATS HAVE SAID MUNRO WANTS TO PRESENT HIS REPORT PERSONALLY BUT IS RUNNING INTO OPPOSITION.

KS1218PES

A71 (330)

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, NOV. 6 (AP)-THE HUNGARIAN COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER TODAY DERIDED AN OFFER OF A ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIEST TO EXCHANGE HIS LIFE FOR THE RELEASE OF 150 YOUTHS HE SAYS ARE UNDER DEATH SENTENCES IN BUDAPEST.

THE NEWSPAPER NEPSZABADSAG DECLARED "THE YOUTHS DO NOT EVEN EXIST." IT REPORTED THAT COMMUNIST PARTY CHIEF JANOS KADAR SAID RECENTLY EVERYONE IN HUNGARY KNEW THE STORY ABOUT THEM WAS "PURE FABRICATION AND VILE AND BASE PROVOCATION."

IN A SATIRICAL ARTICLE, THE NEWSPAPER IDENTIFIED THE PRIEST AS FATHER VAZUL VASVARI AND SAID HE HAD SENT A "SELF-SACRIFICING" CABLE TO THE UNITED NATIONS IN WHICH HE MADE HIS OFFER. NEPSZABADSAG ASSERTED THE OFFER WAS NOTHING BUT AN ATTEMPT TO GRAB FREE PUBLICITY.

A HUNGARIAN REFUGEE ORGANIZATION IN NEW YORK SAID RECENTLY THE YOUTHS WOULD BE EXECUTED FOR THEIR PART IN THE 1956 UPRISING WHEN THEY REACH THE LEGAL CAPITAL PUNISHMENT AGE OF 18.

"NOW FATHER VASVARI OUGHT TO KNOW THE RUMOR SPREAD IN THE WEST ABOUT 150 YOUTHS FACING EXECUTION IS A HOAX, AN INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL SWINDLE," NEPSZABADSAG SAID.

THE PAPER SAID TV IMPRESARIO ED SULLIVAN RECENTLY DISCLOSED THAT THE STORY OF THE YOUTHS HAD ORIGINATED IN NEW YORK WITH THE INFORMATION COMING FROM DR. BELA FABIAN, CHAIRMAN OF THE FEDERATION OF HUNGARIAN FORMER POLITICAL PRISONERS. IT SAID SULLIVAN HAD TURNED UP "A WONDERFUL SOURCE OF INFORMATION INDEED."

"SURELY, BELA FABIAN KNOWS EXACTLY IN NEW YORK WHAT IS HAPPENING IN BUDAPEST," THE PAPER SAID. "WHY SHOULDN'T VASVARI OFFER HIMSELF? IT COSTS HIM NOTHING TO OFFER HIS LIFE FOR QUASHING DEATH SENTENCES AFFECTING 150 YOUTHS WHEN THE YOUTHS DO NOT EVEN EXIST."

--DASH--

LAST WEDNESDAY THE REV. VAZUL VEGVARY, 30, OF THE HOLY ASCENSION CHURCH IN ROEBLING, N. J., LED A PROTEST MARCH OUTSIDE THE NEW YORK HEADQUARTERS OF THE SOVIET DELEGATION TO THE UNITED NATIONS. THE PRIEST, WHO FOUGHT IN THE HUNGARIAN REVOLUTION, SAID HE HAD SENT A TELEGRAM TO THE SOVIET DELEGATION OFFERING HIMSELF IN EXCHANGE FOR THE FREEDOM OF 150 HUNGARIAN TEEN-AGERS.

SULLIVAN ON OCT. 25 URGED HIS TV VIEWERS TO APPEAL TO SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV TO SAVE THE TEEN-GERS HE SAID ARE AWAITING EXECUTION. HE LATER TOLD REPORTERS HE HAD BEEN GIVEN HIS INFORMATION BY FABIAN. FABIAN SAID HE HAD RECEIVED HIS INFORMATION THROUGH LETTERS SMUGGLED FROM HUNGARY.

SS731PES

A102

(550)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR FRIDAY PMS

BY LAWRENCE MALKIN

(ADVANCE) UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 6 (AP)-FORTY YEARS AGO FRANK AIKEN, AS A YOUNG OFFICER IN THE IRISH REPUBLICAN ARMY, BLEW UP A BRITISH TROOP TRAIN. TODAY HE IS FOREIGN MINISTER OF IRELAND--AND STILL A REBEL.

HE TAKES THE RADICAL APPROACH TO INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS. EVEN HIS HOBBY REFLECTS HIS WAY OF THINKING. HE IS AN AMATEUR INVENTOR.

EVER SINCE HE BEGAN ATTENDING GENERAL ASSEMBLY SESSIONS IN 1957, THE TALL DIPLOMAT HAS BEN SPRINGING PROPOSALS CALCULATED TO STARTLE HIS LISTNERS AND MAKE THEM THINK.

HIS FIRST BOMBSHELL WAS DELIVERED FROM THE ASSEMBLY ROSTRUM WHEN HE HAD BEEN AT THE U.N. ONLY A FEW WEEKS. AIKEN SUGGESTED THAT THE U.N. WOULD BE MORE REALISTIC--AND MORE DEMOCRATIC--IF IT HELD AN OPEN DISCUSSION ON WHETHER TO ADMIT COMMUNIST CHINA.

AMERICAN DIPLOMATS, WHO YEAR AFTER YEAR HAVE LED A SUCCESSFUL FIGHT TO PUT OFF DISCUSSING MEMBERSHIP FOR RED CHINA, "GOT SOMEWHAT VIOLENT," AS ONE IRISH DIPLOMAT PUT. BUT THE AMERICANS SOON CALMED DOWN AND LEARNED WHAT MANY OF THEIR COUNTRYMEN HAVE KNOWN FOR YEARS:

DON'T TRY TO PUSH AN IRISHMAN AROUND.

THE IRISH HAVE SINCE DISCOVERED THAT FEW REPRESENTATIVES HERE EVEN BOTHER TO TRY PRESSURING THEM INTO CHANGING THEIR VOTES. THE IRISH MAKE A HABIT OF THINKING FOR THEMSELVES.

THIS GIVES AIKEN AND HIS ASSISTANTS CONSIDERABLE FREEDOM IN PURSUING AN ACTIVE DIPLOMACY. SOMETIMES IT ALSO ISOLATES THEM FROM TRADITIONAL FRIENDS DURING EAST-WEST ARGUMENTS.

AIKEN ADMITS HE DOESN'T LIKE STANDING ALONE BUT HE SAYS, "WE ARE TRYING TO PREPARE THE WAY FOR NEW IDEAS."

FOR EXAMPLE, AIKEN WOULD HAVE HAD THE U.N. STUDY THE POSSIBILITY OF A ZONE ACROSS EUROPE FREE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, A PET PLAN OF THE BRITISH LEFT AND THE POLISH COMMUNISTS, AND STILL A LIVELY TOPIC FOR DEBATE IN WESTERN EUROPE.

AIKEN IS CURRENTLY PUSHING AN IDEA TO LIMIT THE SO-CALLED NUCLEAR CLUB TO BRITAIN, FRANCE, THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNON. AIKEN DOESN'T WANT NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO BECOME PART OF THE ARSENALS OF SMALL NATIONS LEST A LOCAL QUARRELL TOUCH OFF WAR. THE IDEA PROBABLY WILL BE SENT ON TO GENEVA FOR STUDY BY THE SPECIAL EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE.

"WOMETIMES YOU HAVE TO TAKE A DIFFERENT VIEW OF THINGS," SAYS AIKEN, WHO ALSO LIKES TO APPLY HIS INVENTIVE TURN OF MIND TO EVERYDAY MATTERS.

HE HAS DEVELOPED A STOVE TO BURN PEAT MORE EFFICIEATLY. THE DEVICE KEPT IRISHMEN WARM DURING WORLD WAR II WHEN COAL SUPPLIES WERE LOW.

HE HAS PERFECTED A SPECIAL BLACK METAL PLATE TO KEEP DOWN THE WEEDS AROUND THE STRAWBERRY PLANTS ON HIS FARM OUTSIDE DUBLIN. THE BLACK COLOR ALSO WARMS THE GROUND AND ENABLES AIKEN TO MOVE HIS BERRIES TO MARKET TWO WEEKS AHEAD OF COMPETITORS AT BETTER PRICES.

HIS LATEST INVENTION IS A TUBULAR DEVICE FOR AERATING SHOES. AN AMERICAN MANUFACTURER NOW IS TESTING IT.

AIKEN NEITHER LOOKS NOR DRESSES LIKE A DIPLOMAT. SOFT-SPOKEN TO TO THE POINT OF SHYNESS (EXCEPT ON THE ROSTRUM WHERE HE CAN MAKE HIS POINT EQUALLY WELL IN GAELIC OR ENGLISH), AIKEN WALKS SLOWLY WITH A SLIGHT STOOP AND DRESSES IN SOFT, RUMPLED IRISH TWEED.

BUT HE HAS A SINGLE-MINDED PERSISTENCE IN HIS DIPLOMATIC WORK. WHEN HE STEERED THROUGH A RESOLUTION ON TIBET LAST MONTH, HE MADE FOUR SEPARATE SPEECHES.

NO ONE DOUBTED HE WOULD HAVE MADE FOUR MORE IF THAT WOULD HAVE MEANT MORE VOTES.

THE NATIONALIST IDEAL OF A COUNTRY'S RIGHT TO ITS TRADITIONAL WAY OF LIFE HAS BEEN A GUIDING PRINCIPLE OF HIS LIFE. BORN ON FEB. 13, 1898, AIKEN JOINED THE IRISH NATIONALIST MOVEMENT AT 15. A CAPTAIN AT 20, HE BECAME A DIVISION COMMANDER AT 23 AND IRA CHIEF OF STAFF AT 25.

AS CHIEF OF STAFF HE SIGNED THE 1923 ORDER ENDING THE IRISH CIVIL WAR. THE NATION WAS BITTERLY DIVIDED ON WHETHER TO RETAIN SOME TIES WITH BRITAIN OR BE COMPLETELY INDEPENDENT. TODAY HE SAYS: "THE PROBLEM IS THE SAME--WE HAVE TO RECONCILE THE OPPOSING POSITIONS IN THE WORLD."

END ADVANCE FOR FRIDAY PMS--MOVED NOV. 5)

RP956AES

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., NOV. 6 (AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA SIGNED AN AGREEMENT TODAY FORMALLY ESTABLISHING A U.N. MEMORIAL CEMETERY AT TANG-GOK NEAR PUSAN, SOUTH KOREA, WHERE NEARLY 2,000 KOREAN WAR DEAD ARE BURIED.

BY THE AGREEMENT, SOUTH KOREA GIVES THE LAND FOR THE CEMETERY, THE U.N. UNDERTAKES ITS PERPETUAL UPKEEP AND SOUTH KOREA GRANTS DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY TO U.N. EMPLOYES ENGAGED IN THIS TASK. THE UNITED STATES HAS BROUGHT HOME ITS MEN WHO FELL IN THE 1950-53 KOREAN WAR. THOSE BURIED IN TANG-GOK CEMETERY ARE FROM THE OTHER 15 COUNTRIES UNDER U.N. COMMAND.

SS215PES

A66WX

HERTER-KONO (150)

WASHINGTON, NOV. 6 (AP)-SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER TODAY TOLD ICHIRO KONO, JAPANESE POLITICAL LEADER, THE UNITED STATES HAS NO INTENTION OF CHANGING ITS POLICY TOWARD COMMUNIST CHINA.

PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE SAID THAT DURING THE MEETING HERTER ALSO EXPRESSED HIS SATISFACTION WITH THE PROGRESS OF NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE U.S. AND JAPAN ON REVISION OF THE SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.

WHITE SAID KONO DID NOT MAKE HIS VISIT AS A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

"THERE WAS THEREFORE NO DISCUSSION OF DETAILS OF THE PROBLEMS NOW UNDER NEGOTIATION BETWEEN THE TWO GOVERNMENTS," WHITE SAID.

KONO, FORMER MINISTER IN TWO CABINETS OF PRIME MINISTER NOBUSUKE KISHI NOW HEADS AN OPPOSITION FACTION WITHIN THE RULING LIBERAL-DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

KONO IS OPPOSED TO A 10-YEAR TERM FOR THE REVISED U.S.-JAPAN SECURITY TREATY AND WANTS IT DRASTICALLY SHORTENED. THERE IS NO INDICATION THAT HIS PROPOSAL IS BEING CONSIDERED SERIOUSLY.

CZ707PES

A56WX

(400) MISSILE BASES

WASHINGTON, NOV. 6 (AP)-THE AIR FORCE TODAY UPHELD THE PRACTICE OF LOCATING INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE SITES IN THE GENERAL AREA OF EXISTING AIR BASES.

IT SAID THIS DOES NOT MATERIALLY INCREASE THE DANGER THAT ENEMY ATTACKS ON THE SITES MIGHT ENDANGER POPULATIONS OF CITIES IN THE GENERAL REGION.

A SPOKESMAN WAS ASKED TODAY ABOUT THE PROTEST OF DR. JAMES E. MCDONALD, OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA, AGAINST BUILDING ICBM LAUNCHING SITES NEAR MAJOR POPULATION CENTERS.

30.24-9159

MCDONALD CONTENDS THAT THIS MEANS CREATION OF PRIME TARGETS FOR ENEMY ATTACK AND THAT FALLOUT FROM NUCLEAR DETONATIONS IN THE ATTACK WOULD ENDANGER THE POPULATIONS OF CITIES IN THE AREAS.

MOST OF THE ICBM BASES ARE BEING BUILT ON OR NEAR EXISTING AIRDROMES--WHICH ALREADY ARE TARGETS. ONE REASON IS THAT THE SUPPOYING AND OPERATION OF THE LAUNCHING SITES CAN BE DONE FROM THE CENTRAL EXISTING MILITARY BASES.

IN SOME INSTANCES, THE LAND ON WHICH LAUNCHING SITES ARE BEING BUILT ALREADY IS OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY THE AIR FORCE AS PART OF THE EXISTING BASE FACILITIES.

THE SELECTION OF A MAIN SUPPORT BASE FOR MISSILE FACILITIES AND THE LOCATION OF LAUNCH SITES IS MADE ONLY AFTER THOROUGH CONSIDERATION OF ALL FACTORS, THE SPOKESMAN SAID. ONE OF THESE FACTORS IS THE SAFETY OF RESIDENTS IN THE AREAS AND OF THE MILITARY PERSONNEL OPERATING THE MISSILE BASES.

"IT IS OUR FIRM BELIEF THAT THE DISPERSAL OF THE LAUNCH SITES 20 TO 40 MILES FROM THE MAIN SUPPORT BASE WILL NOT MATERIALLY INCREASE THE POTENTIAL OF ANY ONE LOCATION AS A TARGET," THE SPOKESMAN SAID.

REFERRING TO SUGGESTIONS THAT THE LAUNCHING SITES SHOULD BE LOCATED FAR FROM POPULATED REGIONS, THE SPOKESMAN SAID SEVERAL FACTORS, INCLUDING MONEY, ARE INVOLVED.

"IT MUST BE NOTED," HE SAID, "THAT THE CONSTRUCTION OF COMPLETELY NEW, SELF-SUFFICIENT MISSILE FACILITIES IN SUCH AREAS AS ISOLATED SECTIONS OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS WOULD NOT BE FEASIBLE IN TERMS OF INITIAL COSTS, TIME OF CONSTRUCTION, HIGH COSTS OF SUPPORT FACILITIES AND OTHER FACTORS OF THIS NATURE.

"WHERE COSTS ARE REASONABLE AND IT IS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE GOVERNMENT, MISSILE FACILITIES ARE BEING LOCATED AT HIGHLY SELECTIVE SITES IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN AREA. EXAMPLES OF THESE ARE THE MISSILE FACILITIES BEING OR TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT MOUNTAIN HOME, IDAHO; SPOKANE, WASH.; DENVER, COLO.; CHEYENNE, WYO.; AND RAPID CITY, S.D.

"THE TECHNICAL OPERATING FACTORS WHICH APPLY TO THE MISSILES THEMSELVES ARE PRECISE AND MUST BE SATISFIED ALONG WITH CERTAIN TOPOGRAPHICAL AND SOIL CONDITION REQUIREMENTS. THE LOGISTICS AND SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS FOR THE OPERATIONAL SITES ALSO MUST BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.

"IN ESTABLISHING MISSILE BASES, THE AIR FORCE MUST FIRST SURVEY ACTIVE EXISTING BASES WHICH ARE LOCATED IN AREAS CAPABLE OF MEETING THE TECHNICAL AND LOGISTICS CRITERIA.

"THIS EFFORT IS BEING VIGOROUSLY PURSUED TO PROVIDE FOR THESE NEW SYSTEMS AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE DATE AND IN THE MOST ECONOMICAL MANNER POSSIBLE."

BU&RZ630PES

A55WX

(120) WASHINGTON, NOV. 6 (AP)-COMMUNIST ROMANIA HAS AGREED TO DISCUSS A UNITED STATES CLAIM OF 60 MILLION DOLLARS FOR AMERICAN PROPERTY NATIONALIZED IN 1947.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED THAT A FOUR-MEMBER ROMANIAN GOVERNMENT DELEGATION WILL BEGIN NEGOTIATIONS HERE NOV. 16 WITH A U.S. GROUP.

THE AIM WILL BE TO DETERMINE A LUMP SUM THE ROMANIAN REGIME WILL PAY TO MEET THE CLAIMS OF SOME 500 AMERICAN INDIVIDUALS AND COMPANIES.

THE BIGGEST CLAIMANT IS STANDARD OIL OF NEW JERSEY WHOSE OIL FIELDS IN PLOESTI WERE SEIZED.

BECAUSE OF ROMANIA'S PAST REFUSAL TO CONSIDER COMPENSATION, THE UNITED STATES SEIZED 21 MILLION DOLLARS IN ROMANIAN ASSETS IN THIS COUNTRY. THIS SUM, MOSTLY GOLD, NOW IS BEING DISTRIBUTED TO MEET PART OF THE CLAIM AWARDS MADE BY A U.S. CLAIMS COMMISSION.

BU620PES

A91 (170)

MONTREAL, NOV.6 (AP)-OPPOSITION LEADER LESTER PEARSON TONIGHT PROPOSED INTEGRATION OF THE CANADIAN ARMED FORCES UNDER SINGLE CONTROL.

PEARSON, AN AVIATOR IN WORLD WAR I, SAID IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR THE AIR FORCE VETERANS ASSN HERE:

"IS A MISSILE THAT GOES 6,000 MILES TO BE AN AIR FORCE ONE, ONE THAT GOES 500 MILES AN ARMY ONE, OR ONE THAT IS FIRED FROM A SUBMARINE A NAVY ONE?

"THE ANSWER TO THESE AND MANY OTHER DEFENSE QUESTIONS LEADS INEVITABLY TOTHE NECESSITY FOR COMPLETE CO-ORDINATION OF ARMED SERVICES, AMOUNTING TO SINGLE CONTROL.

"WE, WHO HAVE BEEN IN THE AIR FORCE OR THE ARMY OR THE NAVY, ARE PROUD OF THE TRADITIONS AND THE RECORD OF OUR SEPERATE SERVICES.

"NONE OF US, HOWEVER, WOULD, I KNOW, BE OPPOSED TO ANY DEVELOPMENT WHICH WOULD MERGE THE OLD AND GREAT TRADITIONS AND FUNCTIONS OF SEPARATE SERVICES INTO ANY NEW FORM OF TRULY NATIONAL DEFENSE SERVICE WHICH MAY BE REQUIRED IN THE AGE IN WHICH WE LIVE."

THE LIBERAL LEADER SAID MANY FORMER DEFENSE PLANS, POLICIES, TACTICS AND IDEAS WILL HAVE TO BE SCRAPPED. HE AGAIN CALLED FOR A RE-EXAMINATION OF DEFENSE POLICY BY A SPECIAL PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE OR A ROYAL COMMISSION.

PS847PES

ADVANCE FOR 1 P.M. S-77

(ADVANCE)...HAMILTON, ONT., NOV.6 (AP)-IMMIGRATION MINISTER ELLEN L. FAIRCLOUGH TODAY ANNOUNCED THE GOVERNMENT WILL WAVIE SOME HEALTH REQUIREMENTS TO HELP EUROPEAN REFUGEES IMMIGRATE TO CANADA. MRS. FAIRCLOUGH SAID THAT DURING THE U.N.-SPONSORED WORLD REFUGEE YEAR THE GOVERNMENT WILL SPONSOR 100 TUBERCULAR REFUGEES AND THEIR FAMILIES, OR BETWEEN 400 AND 500 PERSONS. THE FIRST FAMILIES ARE EXPECTED TO ARRIVE IN A FEW WEEKS.

THE GOVERNMENT WILL PAY TRANSPORTATION AND MAINTENANCE COSTS UNTIL THE FAMILIES ARE SETTLED. HOSPITAL COSTS FOR SICK REFUGEES WILL BE ARRANGED WITH THE PROVINCES.

THE MINISTER SAID OTHER REFUGEES WILL BE ADMITTED TO CANADA IF INDIVIDUALS OR APPROVED AGENCIES SQONSOR THEM.

IN ALL SUCH CASES, THE GOVERNMENT WILL WAIVE THE USUAL IMMIGRATION REQUIREMENTS. THE SPONSOR WILL BE EXPECTED TO ARRANGE TRAVELING EXPENSES, INSTITUTIONAL CARE AND THE INTEGRATION OF THE FAMILY INTO THE COMMUNITY, SHE SAID.

THE OVERALL NUMBER OF SICK REFUGEES THAT CAN BE ACCEPTED WILL BE DETERMINED BY THE NUMBER OF BEDS THAT CAN BE ALLOCATED AND FINANCED IN CANADIAN HOSPITALS, MRS. FAIRCLOUGH SAID.

A121 (KO F)

(270)

NEW YORK, NOV. 6 (AP)-FORMER ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF GEN. MAXWELL D. TAYLOR SAYS THE GOVERNMENT'S MILITARY POLICIES HAVE INCREASED THE DANGER OF THIS COUNTRY'S BACKING INTO A GENERAL WAR.

HE ALSO ACCUSES THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION OF UNDERMINING THE NONPOLITICAL ROLE OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF.

TAYLOR, ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF FROM 1955 UNTIL HE RETIRED THIS YEAR, SPOKE OUT IN A SIGNED ARTICLE IN THE ISSUE OF LOOK MAGAZINE THAT WILL APPEAR NEXT TUESDAY. THE ARTICLE IS TAKEN FROM TAYLOR'S BOOK "THE UNCERTAIN TRUMPET" TO BE PUBLISHED NEXT JANUARY.

HE SAID THE GOVERNMENT'S SO-CALLED NEW LOOK IN MILITARY PLANNING--BASED ON THE CONCEPT OF MASSIVE RETALIATION WITH ATOMIC WEAPONS--HAS COST US "OUR ABILITY TO REACT SWIFTLY AND EFFECTIVELY TO THE MOST LIKELY FORM OF MILITARY CHALLENGE -- LIMITED WAR."

SAID TAYLOR:

"WE HAVE EXPOSED OURSELVES TO THE HAZARD OF BACKING INTO A GENERAL WAR WE ARE ALL TRYING TO AVOID, OR PERMITTING THE NIBBLING EROSION OF OUR WORLD POSITION TO CONTINUE."

TAYLOR SAID THAT UNDER THE NEW LOOK THE CHIEFS "WERE TO BE REGARDED AS MEMBERS OF THE ADMINISTRATION 'TEAM,' INSTEAD OF PROFESSIONAL MILITARY ADVISERS DETACHED FROM THE POLITICAL SCENE."

HE SAID THE CHIEFS WERE EXPECTED TO ACCEPT PUBLIC RESPONSIBILITY FOR MILITARY DECISIONS BY CIVILIAN SUPERIORS AND NOT SPEAK OUT PUBLICY AGAINST ADMINISTRATION POLICY.

"WHATEVER THE JUSTIFICATION FOR THE CHANGE OF ATTITUDE TOWARD THE JOINT CHIEFS," HE ADDED, "IT WAS PROFOUNDLY DISTURBING TO MOST MILITARY MEN.

"IT SUGGESTED THAT THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF BELONGED TO THE ADMINISTRATION IN POWER. THEIR ROLE OF POLITICAL NEUTRALS WAS UNDERMINED. THIS CHANGED VIEW OF THE JOINT CHIEFS HAS PLAGUED THE FORMULATION OF MILITARY POLICY TO THIS DAY."

A42 (240)

WEST POINT, N.Y., NOV. 6 (AP)-THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE U.S. MILITARY ACADEMY SAID TODAY THAT ADM. HYMAN G. RICKOVER WAS IGNORANT OF THE FACTS IN CRITICIZING EDUCATIONAL STANDARDS OF SERVICE ACADEMIES.

"IN MY FIXED OPINION, ADM. RICKOVER SPEAKS FROM IGNORANCE," LT. GEN. GARRISON H. DAVIDSON TOLD A GROUP OF VISITING NEWSMEN.

RICKOVER RECENTLY ACCUSED THE SERVICE ACADEMIES OF HARBORING "JUVENILE NONSENSE," AND SAID THE NAVAL ACADEMY LAGGED IN EDUCATION BECAUSE IT SPENT TOO MUCH TIME IN TRAINING, INSTEAD OF STUDY.

THE ACADEMY PUBLIC INFORMATION DEPARTMENT ALSO RELEASED A LETTER TODAY FROM THE HEAD OF A CIVILIAN EDUCATIONAL COMMISSION PRAISING ACADEMY STANDARDS.

THE LETTER, WRITTEN LAST MAY AFTER A STUDY OF WEST POINT SCHOOLING BY THE COMMISSION ON INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION, MIDDLE STATES ASSN. OF COLLEGES AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS, WAS FROM DR. EWALD B. NYQUIST, THE CHAIRMAN.

IT COMMENDED THE ACADEMY AS AN "OUTSTANDING INSTITUTION," WITH "DEDICATION TO EXCELLENCE," AND "STANDARDS AND PROCEDURES FOR DISTINGUISHED WORK."

LAST SEPTEMBER, RICKOVER TOLD THE HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE THAT GRADUATES OF THE NAVAL ACADEMY ARE "ABOUT TWO YEARS BEHIND GRADUATES OF A GOOD ENGINEERING SCHOOL" BECAUSE TOO MUCH TIME IS SPENT IN TRAINING.

"ANOTHER THING THAT BOTHERS ME," HE SAID, "IS THAT SERVICE ACADEMIES STILL KEEP ON WITH THE IMMATURE KIND OF HAZING THAT USED TO BE PREVALENT IN THE PRIVATE BOARDING SCHOOLS OF ENGLAND."

HE SUGGESTED CONGRESSIONAL EFFORT TO "CHANGE THIS JUVENILE NONSENSE." HE ALSO SAID MANY YOUNG OFFICERS MAKE LITTLE ATTEMPT AFTER GRADUATION TO STUDY FURTHER, OR TO KEEP UP PROFESSIONAL ATTITUDES.

END NOV. 6, 1959